



Faramarz Yadegarian

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ABOUT ME

I take pride in realizing many of my aspirations, particularly within the legal sphere. Graduating with honors in law, I have actively contributed to the Iranian legal system as a dedicated advisor, focusing on defending individuals whose rights have been violated and combating void and tyranny.

My commitment to the principles of Democracy and Human Rights led me to pursue advanced studies in this field. I am thrilled to have established my Arbitration Institute, a testament to my unwavering dedication to these crucial values. This institute, founded with a vision aligned with democracy and human rights, reflects my aspiration to make a meaningful impact on a broader scale.

WORK EXPERIENCE

Technical Manager

Avaye Rahnama Legal Institute [01/11/2021 – Current]

City: Mashhad | Country: Iran

- Arbitrator
- Legal Advisor
- Website and Social Media Manager
- Content creator

CEO

Dadban Edalat Yadegarian (DEY) Arbitration Institute [01/03/2020 – Current]

City: Mashhad | Country: Iran

- CEO
- Legal Advisor
- Arbitrator

Executive Vice-President and International Advisory Board

Alternative Perspectives and Global Concerns (APGC) [01/12/2019 – Current]

City: Ottawa | Country: Canada

- Iranian legal expert
- International law expert
- Expert in Iran's and international human rights

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Master of International Law (LLM)

Islamic Azad University, Science and Research Branch (IAUSRB) [20/09/2022 – Current]

City: Tehran | Country: Iran | Website: <https://srb.iau.ir/en>

Master of Democracy and Human Rights

Institute for Social Sciences and Humanities (ISSH) [01/01/2017 – 27/10/2019]

City: The Hague | Country: Netherlands | Field(s) of study: Social Studies | Final grade: 85 out of 100 | Level in EQF: EQF level 7 | NQF Level: 7 | Type of credits: ECTS | Number of credits: 60 | Thesis: Legal Analysis of Iran's complaint against United States of America, based on Treaty of Amity, Economic Relations and Consular Rights 1955

Link: <https://iranacademia.com/academia/program/?lang=en>

Bachelor of Law (LLB)

Islamic Azad University, Mashhad Branch [22/09/2012 – 02/05/2017]

City: Mashhad | Country: Iran | Website: <https://mashhad.iau.ir/en> | Final grade: 16.11 out of 20

LANGUAGE SKILLS

Mother tongue(s): Persian

Other language(s):

English

LISTENING B1 READING B1 WRITING B1

SPOKEN PRODUCTION B1 SPOKEN INTERACTION B1

Levels: A1 and A2: Basic user; B1 and B2: Independent user; C1 and C2: Proficient user

DIGITAL SKILLS

Wordpress Website / Social Media / Microsoft Office / Microsoft Word

COURSES

[01/05/2023 – 15/08/2023]

Graduate Seminar: International Law in Theory and Practice

The Seminar was initiated and offered by **Alternative Perspectives and Global Concerns** in collaboration with **A vicenna University of Kabul**.

[03/08/2023]

Negotiation, Mediation and Conflict Resolution

1. Negotiation Fundamentals
2. International and Cross-Cultural Negotiation
3. Mediation and Conflict Resolution
4. Negotiation, Mediation, and Conflict Resolution – Capstone Project

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/specialization/N326SYGZYQGJ>

[02/12/2022]

Corporate & Commercial Law II: Business Forms, Financing & Governmental Regulation

Obtained from University of Illinois.

Grade Achieved: 100

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/X8NJ2WZQCWPM>

[02/12/2022]

Corporate & Commercial Law I: Contracts & Employment Law

Obtained from University of Illinois.

Grade Achieved: 100

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/HPYQBEVEGV5D>

[01/12/2022]

International Organizations Management

Obtained from University of Geneva.

Grade Achieved: 92

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/NFKKVSUUA>

[15/11/2022]

International Women's Health and Human Rights

Obtained from Stanford University.

Grade Achieved: 98.39

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/8EVF975Y8PBX>

[14/11/2022]

Human Rights for Open Societies

Obtained from Utrecht University.

Grade Achieved: 100

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/VP7XWKJ2W3E6>

[06/11/2022]

International Law in Action: A Guide to the International Courts and Tribunals in The Hague

Obtained from Leiden University.

Grade Achieved: 95

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/SGFFHVGRL7VU>

[02/11/2022]

International Humanitarian Law in Theory and Practice

Obtained from Leiden University.

Grade Achieved: 97.50

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/VD8X4HCDD7GN>

[31/10/2022]

International Law in Action: the Arbitration of International Disputes

Obtained from Leiden University.

Grade Achieved: 91.75

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/47QEBUNR7PNT>

[27/10/2022]

Refugees in the 21st Century

Obtained from University of London.

Grade Achieved: 100

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/QJSWVP3BZRAJ>

[18/10/2022]

Introduction to International Criminal Law

Obtained from Case Western Reserve University.

Grade Achieved: 100

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/42G3HZ9UG5NF>

[23/08/2021 – 23/10/2021]

62 HOURS PROFESSIONAL COOKING COURSE (FAST FOOD)

Technical and Vocational Training Organization of Iran.

Grade Achieved: 88

[13/12/2020]

Global Diplomacy: the United Nations in the World

Obtained from SOAS University of London and University of London.

Grade Achieved: 100

Link: <https://www.coursera.org/account/accomplishments/verify/AVWKP6P7BUT4>

[02/12/2020]

Protecting Children's Rights

Obtained from The Institute for Social Science and Humanities.

Grade Achieved: 100

Link: <https://academix.iranacademia.com/certificates/45b6e7fb1d754375acf856a1413b25cd>

[28/08/2020]

Justice

Obtained from Harvard University.

Grade Achieved: 76

Link: <https://courses.edx.org/certificates/180428888c9b45648b091e444f0681e6>

[28/10/2019]

Economy in Today's World

Obtained from The Institute for Social Science and Humanities.

Grade Achieved: 100

Link: <https://academix.iranacademia.com/certificates/7972fb0ac5144bb79662c3b00f9058b8>

[22/08/2019]

Human Rights Beyond the Headlines

Obtained from The Institute for Social Science and Humanities.

Grade Achieved: 100

[04/02/2019]

Arbitration law

Obtained from Fanpardazan Institute of Higher Education.

Grade Achieved: 95

Link: <https://fanpardazan.com/validation/0860408795/2001190197494813806>

[15/01/2018]

Legal Advisor

Obtained from Fanpardazan Institute of Higher Education.

Grade Achieved: 93

Link: <https://fanpardazan.com/validation/0860408795/2001190197494813676>

CONFERENCES AND SEMINARS

[17/05/2024] Sari, Iran

First international conference on law, political science, Islamic politics and Islamic jurisprudence Examination of the Sanctions of Judgments Issued by the International Court of Justice and the Sanctions of International Law.

Link: <https://www.lppj.ir/fa/>

[17/05/2024] Sari, Iran

First international conference on law, political science, Islamic politics and Islamic jurisprudence Examining the Role of the 1955 Treaty of Amity in the Legal Confrontation between Iran and the United States.

Link: <https://www.lppj.ir/fa/>

[17/05/2024] Sari, Iran

First international conference on law, political science, Islamic politics and Islamic jurisprudence CPOA, Legitimacy of Attacks on Nuclear Facilities as a Pre-emptively Self Defense and the Consequences of Reducing Nuclear Commitments as Counter Measures.

Link: <https://www.lppj.ir/fa/>

[18/05/2023] Tehran, Iran

Analysis of Iran's Foreign Policy and Strategic Friendship Treaties and Agreements with China and the United States International Studies Journal (ISJ), Foundation for International Studies Global Dialogues, and World Politics Publications.

[21/10/2021 – 24/10/2021] Tehran, Iran

United Nations and Challenges Ahead Iranian Association for United Nations Studies (IAUNS)

[23/06/2021] Tehran, Iran

The Decision-Making Processes in the United Nations Iranian Association for United Nations Studies (IAUNS)

[24/04/2021 – 26/04/2021] Tehran, Iran

International Criminal Court Spring School Iranian Center for International Criminal Law and Research Institute for Criminal Law and Criminology, University of Tehran.

[03/08/2020] Tehran, Iran

International Criminal Law in National Legal System: Italy Hague Center for International Law and Investment

[13/07/2020] Tehran, Iran

American Legal Process Theory (ALPT) and Limits to (the ICC's) Litigation: Appropriateness, Jus Cogens Norms and Basic Human Rights Hague Center for International Law and Investment

[17/05/2020] Tehran, Iran

UPR (Universal Periodic Review) Hague Center for International Law and Investment

HOBBIES AND INTERESTS

Attending conferences, seminars and webinars on international law, human rights and global governance

Reading and researching topics related to international criminal law, arbitration, United Nations policies

Analyzing case studies and legal precedents in areas like consular rights, arms control treaties

Exploring the intersections of law, human rights and democratic principles

Discussing geopolitical events and their legal/policy implications

Learning about diverse cultures and promoting cross-cultural understanding

Studying the works of legal scholars, philosophers and policymakers

Participating in moot court competitions and legal debates

Traveling to forums related to his areas of expertise

Writing articles and opinion pieces on contemporary international issues

Swim

Cooking

Cross-fit

ORGANISATIONAL SKILLS

Conflict Resolution and Mediation 100%

Legal Research and Analysis 100%

Research Methodology 100%

Human Rights Advocacy 98%

International Law Expertise 96%

Project Management 94%

Multilateral Diplomacy 93%

Policy Analysis and Development 88%

Cross-Cultural Communication 85%

HONOURS AND AWARDS

[02/10/2023] Avicenna University of Afghanistan and APGC

Recognition by APGC and Avicenna University of Afghanistan for voluntary activities towards the promotion of human rights and knowledge enhancement.

[15/12/2021] Islamic Azad University, Mashhad Branch

Achieving the First Rank among undergraduate law students overall ranking of 6231 and a cumulative GPA of 16.11

PUBLICATIONS

[2024]

Substantive Jurisdiction of International Court of Justice in the Case of Violation of Treaty of Amity, Economic Relations, and Consular Rights (1955) Abstract:

Following the US withdrawal from the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA), the reinstatement of US sanctions against Iran, and the cancellation of all oil, commercial, and economic agreements, all of which were the result of the JCPOA, Iran decided to sue the US in the International Court of Justice (ICJ) under the 1955 Treaty of Amity, Trade Relations, and Consular Rights (hereinafter the Treaty). The jurisdictional decision and temporary injunction have brought Iran closer to claiming its rights. However, the primary issues this study addressed were whether the ICJ has substantive jurisdiction and whether the final verdict will be in favor of Iran. Accordingly, the main research hypothesis was as follows: since the ICJ has substantive jurisdiction, if it renders an uncontested final verdict in Iran's favor, the US must reimburse Iran and return the situation to its pre-trial state. To answer the above-mentioned questions and examine the hypothesis, this study employed a meta-analysis method.

Keywords:

Treaty of Amity and Consular Rights (1955): International Court of Justice (ICJ): Substantive jurisdiction of ICJ: Violation of Treaty of Amity Economic Relations and Consular Rights (1955): Resolution 2231: Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).

Yadegarian, F., Mohebi, M., & Molkizadeh, A. H. (2024). International Studies Journal (ISJ).

[2023]

Iran's Response to U.S. Non-Compliance with ICJ Decisions Abstract:

After establishing its jurisdiction in the case of the violation of the 1955 Treaty of Amity between Iran and the United States (hereafter U.S.) on February 3, 2021, the International Court of Justice (hereafter ICJ) took a stride towards the Merits stage. In the event of a final judgment and the failure of the U.S. government to comply, the primary question that was raised was the following: What are Iran's options if the U.S. does not act upon the final decision of the ICJ? This article endeavors to address this question. The research methodology employed in this article is descriptive-analytical; through document analysis of the Court's decisions, international treaties, and relevant books and articles, specific findings have been derived. The research results indicate that Iran's options can be within the framework of the United Nations (hereafter UN) or beyond it. Options within the UN framework are predominantly theoretical, lacking effective enforcement mechanisms due to the existing power structures, including the veto power in the Security Council (hereafter UNSC), thereby lacking a guarantee of proper implementation. These options tend to be idealistic. On the other hand, options outside the UN framework, such as bargaining power and countermeasures for Iran, carry a realist aspect, allowing Iran to leverage them for the assertion of its rights.

Keywords:

Countermeasures, International Court of Justice Compliance, Realism, Treaty of Amity 1955, UN Security Council.

Yadegarian, F., & Firoozabadian, M. (2023). *Journal of World Sociopolitical Studies*, 7(3), 503-545.

[2021]

[The International Court of Justice and its role in the legal relations between Iran and the United States](#) Abstract:

This article explores the role of the International Court of Justice (hereafter ICJ) in the relations between Iran and the United States (hereafter U.S.), with reference to the last disputes between the two countries over the 1955 Treaty of Amity, Economic Relations and Consular Rights. The article argues that the ICJ has both jurisdiction (*Ratione Materiae*) and substantive competence (Merits) to adjudicate the case, based on the trans-analytical method. The article draws on the past judgments of the ICJ in similar cases between Iran and the U.S., such as the Case Concerning US Diplomatic and Consular Staff in Tehran, the Case Concerning the Aerial Incident, and the Case Concerning Oil Platforms, to support its findings. The article also discusses the implications of the U.S. decision to terminate the Treaty of Amity and to challenge the ICJ's jurisdiction. The article predicts that the ICJ will establish its judgment based on Article 10 of the Treaty of Amity, which affirms the principle of free trade, and conclude that the U.S. sanctions violate the Treaty of Amity.

Yadegarian, F. (2021). *Iranian Review of Foreign Affairs*, 13(35), 89-112.

[2019]

[Iran's Countermeasures to US Withdrawal from JCPOA and the Trigger Mechanism](#) Abstract:

The Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action or JCPOA can be considered the main source of new political tensions between Iran and the United States during Donald Trump's administration. After Donald Trump's unilateral withdrawal from the Iran nuclear deal and official reimposition of all sanctions lifted as part of the deal, the Islamic Republic continued to remain committed to the deal. However, following cancellation of a multitude of commercial contracts and the failure of the INSTEX to meet Iran's needs, the Islamic Republic of Iran took some gradual steps to reduce its nuclear commitments under the JCPOA. With the fifth step, Iran shall no longer consider itself bound to any restrictions imposed upon it under the JCPOA. In addition, Iran has often considered closing the Strait of Hormuz as a viable option among its security countermeasures. Despite Iran's absolute right to respond in kind to violation of commitments by the US, the fact remains that such a course of actions by Iran would have significant international consequences and grave ramifications, such as re-imposition of all UN sanctions (consistent with Clause 8 of Security Council Resolution 2231), new additional measures/sanctions (according to Articles 41 & 42 of UN Charter), negative impact and adverse effects on the litigation Iran pursues against the United States (based on the Treaty of Amity, Economic Relations, and Consular Rights 1955) in the International Court of Justice (ICJ). Therefore, Iran's best response strategy against violations of US commitments would be a legal one, such as taking action through the Joint Commission per clause 36, referring the dispute to the ICJ according to an agreement, and pursuing its Treaty of Amity case.

Keywords:

Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA), UN Security Council Resolution 2231, Strait of Hormuz, United Nations Security Council, International Court of Justice.

Yadegarian, F. (2019). *Iranian Review for UN Studies*, 2(2), 89-110.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Name: Dr. Amirhossein Molkizadeh | Vice-Chancellor of the Department of Law at Islamic Azad University, Mashhad Branch

Mr. Faramarz Yadegarian, an exceptional student, has been recommended for admission to your university based on his outstanding performance in my classes. Having successfully completed three specialized courses in his bachelor's studies, namely "General International Law I (Code 20739)," "Specialized International Law I (Code

12075)," and "International Organizations Law (Code 19709)," where he consistently achieved high scores, he continued to excel in his master's studies. In courses such as "Law of the Seas" (Grade 18), "Legal Disputes Resolution Methods" (Grade 19), "Law of Armed Conflicts" (Grade 19), "Law of Treaties" (Grade 19), "Seminar" (Grade 20), "Maritime Law" (Grade 20), and "Legal Text in Foreign Language" (Grade 19), he demonstrated exceptional proficiency and dedication. His enthusiasm for learning, coupled with his remarkable grades, makes him an outstanding candidate for further academic pursuits. I am confident that he will continue to excel in his graduate studies, and I appreciate your support in providing him with this valuable academic opportunity.

Email: Amirhmolkizadeh@gmail.com | Phone number: (+98) 9155588049

Name: Professor Mahmoud Masaeli P.h.D | International Development and Global Studies Professor, University of Ottawa and CEO at APGC

I have been asked to write a reference letter for Mr. Faramarz Yadegarian. I have known Yadegarian from two years ago when he was in my graduate seminar on Human Rights at the Institute for Social Sciences and Humanities (ISSH). I was his professor and supervisor of his MA dissertation Research paper. Therefore, I feel I can fairly attest to the quality of his work as well as his personal character.

Mr. Yadegarian was a solid, smart, and hard-working student. He has an incisive mind, analyses problems well, and contributed to discussions during lectures. He was often posing thought-provoking questions and was amazingly setting critical positions against the mainstream views. He was organized and disciplined, always attending class on time, and was enthusiastic and passionate to participate in debates. He gained an A- mark for the graduate seminar.

Email: president.apgc@gmail.com | Phone number: (+1) 6138184726

Name: Dr. Mojtaba Zahedian | Dean of the Faculty of Law at Islamic Azad University, Mashhad Branch

As the Dean of the Faculty of Law, I confirm that Mr. Faramarz Yadegarian, one of my talented and hardworking students, successfully completed two specialized courses, namely "Civil Code III: Generalities of Contracts (Code: 19616)" and "Civil Code VIII: Inheritance, preemption, and will (Code: 22115)." His active participation in class discussions and inquisitive spirit have marked him as a diligent learner. His commitment to academic excellence is further demonstrated by his thoughtful engagement in coursework and his exceptional understanding of legal concepts. I am confident that Mr. Yadegarian's dedication, paired with his analytical skills, will contribute significantly to any academic or professional endeavor he pursues.

Email: zahedian.mojtaba@yahoo.com | Phone number: (+98) 9155084018

VOLUNTEERING

[01/12/2019 – Current] Ottawa, Canada

Executive Vice-President and International Advisory Board